Compact Modified Printed Monopole Antenna for Enhanced Gain Performance

Laila D
CREMA, Cochin University
of Science and Technology,
Cochin, Kerala

Sujith R CREMA, Cochin University of Science and Technology, Cochin, Kerala Nijas C M CREMA, Cochin University of Science and Technology, Cochin, Kerala

Sarin V P
CREMA, Cochin University of Science and
Technology,
Cochin, Kerala

Mohanan P CREMA, Cochin University of Science and Technology, Cochin, Kerala

ABSTRACT

A novel Coplanar Waveguide (CPW) fed modified printed monopole antenna with enhanced gain is presented in this paper. The antenna has a maximum gain of 6.88dBi with a 2:1 VSWR band width of 45 % from 1.99GHz to 3.03GHz. High gain performance is achieved by folding the ground plane of a CPW fed printed monopole perpendicular to the plane of the monopole main arm. The antenna exhibits good radiation and impedance matching characteristics as that of a CPW fed ordinary printed monopole. The antenna has a dimension of 17 X 42 X 6.4 mm³ and highly suitable for slim mobile handsets.

Keywords

Coplanar Waveguide (CPW) fed monopole antenna, Enhanced gain.

1. INTRODUCTION

Monopole antennas have found widespread applications, especially in wireless communications, because of its simple structure, broad bandwidth and omni-directional radiation pattern, [1]. In recent years, there has been a move towards the CPW fed printed-monopole antenna in which the two ground plane and the monopole arm are printed on the same plane on a dielectric substrate [2]. However, the necessity of compactness has induced the research community to investigate folded main radiating elements[3,4]. The main disadvantage of such antennas is that it effects the radiation pattern and the impedance matching performance of the antenna adversely. So special feeding techniques and particular grounding systems have to be designed in order to obtain an acceptable compromise between compact dimensions and good radiating performance [5]. Moreover, the major drawback of the planar monopole antenna is their relative low gain. The gain performance can be enhanced by adding a superstrate of high dielectric constant on top of the antenna structure [6]. When antennas with relatively high gains are needed, the Yagi-Uda antenna is preferable. It is made as an array of parallel dipoles or monopoles, with reflector and the directors [7]. The gain improvement with reduced bandwidth is obtained by using series of rectangular loop slots[8].Folded patch antenna in rectangular wave guide structure shape with complimentary split ring resonator is reported in [9] with 72% volume reduction. The proposed antenna is a modified version of the CPW fed monopole antenna and has a maximum gain of 6.88 dBi. The design is

devoid of additional directors and reflectors required as in Yagi antenna and hence tremendous area reduction is achieved.

2. ANTENNA GEOMETRY

Antenna geometry is derived from a CPW fed planar monopole antenna by folding the ground plane perpendicular to the monopole main arm as shown in figure.1 (a) and figure.1 (b). The photograph of the proposed antenna geometry is shown in figure.1(c). The antenna parameters selected for the prototype are L_1 =42mm and W_1 =3mm, with a folded ground plane dimension of L_2 =17mm, W_2 =14mm and g=1.7 mm. The antenna is fabricated on a substrate of thickness (h) 1.6mm and relative permittivity (ε_r)=4.4 and occupies a volume of 14X42X6.4mm³. To match with the present day slim handsets the overall width of the system is selected as 6.4mm.

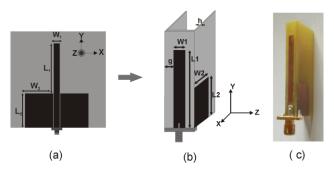


Figure.1. Geometry of the antenna (a) planar antenna (b) folded antenna (c) photograph of the antenna (L_1 =42mm, W_1 =3mm, L_2 =17mm, W_2 =14mm, g=1.7mm, h=1.6mm, ϵ_r = 4.4.)

3. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Measured (HP 8510C Vector Network Analyzer) and simulated (Ansoft HFSS) reflection characteristics of the CPW fed planar monopole and folded monopole are shown in figure.2. It is noted that both the antennas resonate at 2.3GHz and we can conclude that folding doesn't alter the resonating frequency of the monopole. The results show an excellent agreement between the measurement and simulation. The folded monopole shows a measured 2:1 VSWR bandwidth of 45 % from 1.99GHz to 3.03GHz.



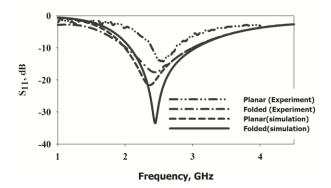


Figure.2. Reflection characteristics of planar and folded monopole antenna

Measured 2D radiation patterns in the XZ and YZ plane and the simulated 3D radiation pattern of the folded antenna are shown in figure.3 and figure.4. respectively. It is noted that the folded antenna exhibits a non-directional pattern along the azimuth plane and is maintaining linear polarisation as that of ordinary monopole, throughout the band.

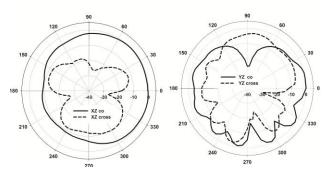


Figure.3. Measured radiation pattern of the folded antenna at resonant frequency (a) XZ plane (b) YZ plane

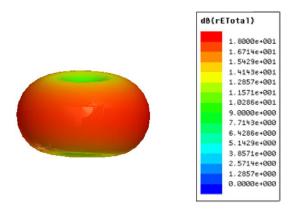


Figure 4 Simulated 3D radiation pattern of the folded antenna

Figure.5 shows the measured gain plot of the planar and folded antennas. It is interesting to note that the folded antenna has a maximum gain of 6.88dBi, which is much greater than that of the conventional planar antenna (1.9dBi). A maximum gain enhancement of 4.077dBi is achieved at 2.54GHz.

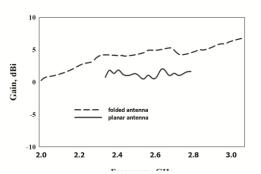


Figure.5 Measured gain of the antennas

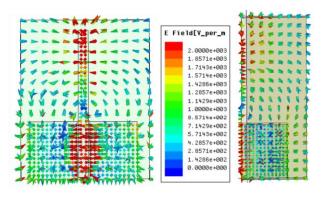


Figure.6 Simulated Electric field distribution at resonant frequencies of (a) planar monopole (b) folded monopole

The enhancement in gain can be best understood by comparing the fringing electric field patterns of the ordinary monopole and the folded monopole as shown in figure.6 (a) and (b). It is observed that the fringing electric field between the ground planes and the monopole arm are out of phase in the case of ordinary printed monopole antenna and it cancels the field at the far field giving reduced gain. But for the folded monopole, effectively adds the fringing fields at the bore sight giving an enhanced gain.

4. CONCLUSION

A novel compact folded monopole antenna with enhanced gain performance is presented .The antenna offers maximum gain of 6.88dBi with good radiation and matching characteristics. A gain enhancement of nearly 4 dBi is observed at 2.54GHz. The antenna is highly compact and hence it can be used with modern wireless handheld devices.

5. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

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